## **Abstract**

Objective: The purpose of the present study was to examine the relationship between parent-child relationship and various borderline personality features. Method: Two thousands two hundreds and thirty-four local secondary students completed a self-report battery assessing parent-child relationship and various borderline personality features. Results: Parental invalidation and unstable relationship with parents were associated with various borderline personality features, especially mood dysregulation and identity problems. Adolescents who experienced more parental invalidation reported more borderline personality features. Parental invalidation and unstable relationship with parents were found to be significant predictors of various borderline personality features. Discussion: Parental invalidation and unstable parent-child relationship significantly contributed to the development of various borderline personality features. Research on the contribution of parent-child relationship in the development of various borderline personality features is suggested.